



**NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY
OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

FACULTY OF HUMAN SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF PUBLIC MANAGEMENT HONORS	
QUALIFICATION CODE: 08BPMH	LEVEL: 8
COURSE NAME: GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT OF STATE-OWNED ENTERPRISES	COURSE CODE: GME811S
DATE: July 2019	SESSION:
DURATION: 3 Hours	MARKS: 100

SECOND OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER	
EXAMINER(S)	Mr. Fred Koita
MODERATOR:	Mr. Richards Kakona

INSTRUCTIONS	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. This paper consists of 6 (six) questions of equal value2. Answer any 4 (four) questions.3. Write clearly and neatly.4. This paper is applicable to full-time, part-time and distance education students5. Number the answers clearly.6. Read the questions carefully before answering.	

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 2 PAGES (Including this page)

QUESTION 1

Critically discuss the Agency Theory relating to public enterprises. Identify the major criticisms against **these** theory by using practical examples from the Namibian corporate sector.

his

(25 Marks)

QUESTION 2

‘Good corporate governance is not about being politically correct whilst business gets on with doing business. It is inextricably linked to the performance of the company. Not only does good governance enhance corporate performance, it reassures stakeholders that the company is being well run.’

Critically assess and analyse the relationship between good corporate governance and performance in the Namibian context by giving relevant practical examples.

(25 Marks)

QUESTION 3

Critically analyse the triple bottom line as an approach to ensure the sustainability, viability, growth and protection of shareholders and stakeholders in a company. Give relevant examples to illustrate your answers.

(25 Marks)

QUESTION 4

Critically discuss the rationale for government’s intervention in free market economies and the limitations in its exercise of power in regulating business. Give relevant examples from developed and developing countries.

(25 Marks)

QUESTION 5

‘Transparency is inextricably linked to the accountability and is thus one of the essential ingredients of good corporate governance.’

Critically assess the need for transparency and reporting in State-Owned Enterprises. Use practical examples from the Namibian corporate sector to expose your answers.

(Marks 25)

QUESTION 6

‘Ethics is not a code of conduct in writing-it is a spirit of trust and an attitude of honesty and fairness that finds its source in the heart of the people. Ethics has nothing to do with rules, but everything to do with attitude.’

Critically evaluate the importance and relevance of ethical conduct within State-Owned Enterprises. Illustrate your answers with relevant practical examples.

(25 Marks)

TOTAL: 100